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## **Amendments to Claims**

1. (Withdrawn) A compound having the general structure:

$$(R^{2}-SO_{2}-(Y^{2})_{q})_{n}$$
  
 $A^{1}-(R^{1}-SO_{2}-Y^{1})_{m}$   
 $(R^{3}-SO_{2}-Y^{3})_{p}$  (I),

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

q is 0 or 1;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group,

-NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent heterocyclic group and R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups; and

 $Y^2$  and  $Y^3$  are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0,  $Y^1$  is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-,

and -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.

- 2. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 wherein the compound is a small molecule.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 wherein the compound is a repeat unit for a polymer.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein A<sup>1</sup> selected from the group consisting of oxadiazole, triazole, thiadiazole, pyrazole, triazine, tetrazole, oxazole, thiazole, imidazole, benzoxazole, benzothiazole, benzimidazole, benzobisoxazole, benzobisimidazole, bibenzoxazole, bibenzothiazole, and bibenzimidazole.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of [1,3,4]oxadiazole, [1,3,4]thiadiazole, and [1,2,4]triazole.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 5 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is [1,3,4]oxadiazole.

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7. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3 wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are linear, branched, or cyclic perfluorinated or partially fluorinated saturated or unsaturated groups having 1 to 20 carbon atoms optionally containing ethereal oxygen, chlorine, bromine, or iodine atoms.

- 8. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 7 wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are linear or branched perfluorinated saturated or unsaturated groups having 1 to 10 carbon atoms optionally containing ethereal oxygen atoms.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 8 wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are linear perfluorinated saturated groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, 2, or 3 wherein m + n + p is equal to 2 or 3.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3 wherein m + n + p is equal to 2.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 or 3 wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, such as an oxadiazole, triazole, thiadiazole, benzobisoxazole, benzobisthiazole, benzobisimidazole, bibenzoxazole, bibenzothiazole, and bibenzimidazole.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3 wherein A<sup>2</sup> is [1,3,4]oxadiazole.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 or 3 wherein R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are linear, branched, or cyclic perfluorinated or partially fluorinated saturated or unsaturated groups having 1 to 20 carbon atoms optionally containing ethereal oxygen, chlorine, bromine, or iodine atoms.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 or 2 wherein Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup>, and Y<sup>3</sup> are each equal to -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is any monovalent fluorinated group, and q is 1.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a linear, branched, or cyclic perfluorinated or partially fluorinated saturated or unsaturated group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms optionally containing ethereal oxygen, chlorine, bromine, or iodine atoms.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 wherein m + n + p is equal to 2 or 3.

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18. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 or 2 wherein Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, n and p are each equal to 0, and m is 2 or 3.

- 19. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 3 wherein m and n is each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 19 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 19 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is a divalent fluorinated group.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 19 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are a divalent fluorinated groups.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 3 wherein the compound is a random copolymer obtained by randomly combining any variety of the polymer repeat units, in any ratio with respect to each other, wherein m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1 and q is 0.
- 24. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 1 or 2 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m is 2, n and p are each equal to 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>.
- 25. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 1 or 3 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is –NH-
- 26. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 1 or 3 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A compound of claim 1 or 3 wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0, q is 0, and Y<sup>1</sup> is -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.

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28. (Currently Amended) A fluorinated fluorosulfonyl-substituted heterocycle having the general structure:

$$(R^{2}-SO_{2}-F)_{n}$$
  
 $A^{3}-(R^{1}-SO_{2}-F)_{m}$   
 $(R^{3}-SO_{2}-F)_{p}$  (II),

wherein A<sup>3</sup> is a divalent <del>or trivalent</del> aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to  $\underline{2}$  3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 2 or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by fluorinated fluorosulfonyl groups.

- 29. (Original) The fluorinated fluorosulfonyl-substituted heterocycle of claim 28 wherein A<sup>3</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, m and n are each equal to 1, and p is 0.
- 30. (Original) The fluorinated fluorosulfonyl-substituted heterocycle of claim 28 wherein A<sup>3</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, n and p are each equal to 0, and m is 2.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A process for synthesizing a compound comprising the following steps:
  - (a) providing a fluorosulfonyl-containing acyl derivative having the structure: F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>-X,

wherein R<sup>8</sup> is a divalent fluorinated group as defined above for R<sup>1</sup> and X is an acyl group;

- (b) condensing the fluorosulfonyl-containing acyl derivative from step (a) with a nitrogenous reagent to form a sulfonyl-containing precursor;
- (c) cyclizing the sulfonyl-containing precursor of step (b) by thermolysis or dehydration to form a sulfonyl-containing aromatic heterocyclic compound containing fluorosulfonyl groups or sulfonamide groups; and
- (d) converting the sulfonyl-containing aromatic heterocyclic compound of step (c) containing fluorosulfonyl groups or sulfonamide groups, into an acidic sulfonyl-containing aromatic heterocyclic compound by either:
  - (i) condensing fluorosulfonyl groups with a fluorinated sulfonamide,
  - (ii) condensing sulfonamide groups with a fluorinated sulfonyl fluoride,

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(iii) condensing fluorosulfonyl groups first with ammonia to form sulfonamide groups followed by a fluorinated sulfonyl fluoride to form sulfonimide groups, or

- (iv) hydrolysis of fluorosulfonyl or sulfonamide groups to form sulfonic acid groups.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 31 wherein the acyl group is selected from the group consisting of acyl fluoride, acyl chloride, acyl bromide, acyl iodide, an ester, an amide, and nitrile.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 31 wherein the nitrogenous reagent, is selected from the group consisting of ammonia; hydrazine; an azide; and an organic ortho-substituted aromatic amine.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A process for synthesizing a bis(sulfonimide)-[1,3,4]oxadiazole by condensing a fluorosulfonyl acyl fluoride, F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>-CO-F, with hydrazine to form a bis(fluorosulfonyl)dihydrazide containing a dihydrazide group and fluorosulfonyl groups; forming a [1,3,4]oxadiazole ring by cyclizing the dihydrazide group using dehydration; condensing the fluorosulfonyl groups with ammonia to form a bis(sulfonamide)-[1,3,4]oxadiazole containing sulfonamide groups; and forming sulfonimide groups by condensing a fluorinated sulfonyl fluoride, R<sup>4</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-F, with the sulfonamide groups, wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are linear perfluorinated saturated groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 35. (Withdrawn) A process for synthesizing a copolymer containing sulfonimide and [1,3,4]oxadiazole groups by condensing a fluorosulfonyl acyl fluoride, F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>-CO-F, with hydrazine to form a bis(fluorosulfonyl)dihydrazide containing a dihydrazide group and fluorosulfonyl groups; forming a [1,3,4]oxadiazole ring by cyclizing the dihydrazide group using dehydration; condensing the fluorosulfonyl groups with ammonia to form a bis(sulfonamide)-[1,3,4]oxadiazole containing sulfonamide groups; and forming sulfonimide groups by condensing a fluorinated disulfonyl difluoride, F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-F, with the sulfonamide groups, wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are linear perfluorinated saturated groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 36. (Withdrawn) A process for synthesizing a benzimidazole sulfonimide by condensing a fluorosulfonyl acyl fluoride, F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>-CO-F, with ammonia to form a diamide containing a carbamide group and a sulfonamide group; condensing the carbamide group with an ortho-phenylene diamine to form a

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carbamide adduct; cyclizing the carbamide adduct by thermolysis to form a benzimidazole group, and forming a sulfonimide group by condensing a fluorinated sulfonyl fluoride, R<sup>4</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-F, with the sulfonamide group, wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are linear perfluorinated saturated groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.

- 37. (Withdrawn) A process for synthesizing a benzimidazole sulfonic acid by condensing a fluorosulfonyl acyl fluoride, F-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>-CO-F, with an orthophenylene diamine to form a carbamide adduct; cyclizing the carbamide adduct by thermolysis to form a benzimidazole group, and forming a sulfonic acid group by hydrolyzing the fluorosulfonyl group wherein R<sup>8</sup> is a linear perfluorinated saturated group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 38. (Withdrawn) A solid polymer electrolyte membrane comprising a porous substrate having imbibed therein a compound having the general structure:

$$(R^{2}-SO_{2}-(Y^{2})_{q})_{n}$$
  
 $A^{1}-(R^{1}-SO_{2}-Y^{1})_{m}$   
 $(R^{3}-SO_{2}-Y^{3})_{p}$  (I),

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

q is 0 or 1;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group,

-NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group and R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups; and Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup> are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0, Y<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, and

-NH-SO $_2$ -R $^6$ -A $^2$ -R $^7$ -SO $_2$ -NH-.

39. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 38 wherein the porous substrate is selected from the group consisting of inorganic fiber substrates and microporous films of perfluorinated polymers.

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40. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 38 wherein the compound is a small molecule.

- 41. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 38 wherein the compound is a repeat unit for a polymer.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 38 wherein the compound is cross linked, grafted, or chain extended within the porous support.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 42 wherein the compound is modified to contain reactive functional groups to provide crosslinking, grafting, or chain extension.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The solid polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 42 wherein the compound is mixed with reagents to provide crosslinking, grafting, or chain extension.
- 45. (Withdrawn) A catalyst coated membrane comprising a solid polymer electrolyte membrane having a first surface and a second surface, an anode present on the first surface of the solid polymer electrolyte membrane, and a cathode present on the second surface of the solid polymer electrolyte membrane, wherein the solid polymer electrolyte membrane comprises a porous substrate having imbibed therein a compound having the general structure:

$$\begin{array}{ll} (R^2\text{-}SO_2\text{-}(Y^2)_q)_n \\ \stackrel{\wedge}{h}^1\text{-}(R^1\text{-}SO_2\text{-}Y^1)_m \\ (R^3\text{-}SO_2\text{-}Y^3)_p \end{array} \qquad \text{(I),}$$

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

a is 0 or 1:

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group,

-NH-, -NH-SO $_2$ -R $^5$ -SO $_2$ -NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group and R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups; and

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 $Y^2$  and  $Y^3$  are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0,  $Y^1$  is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, and -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.

46. (Withdrawn) A membrane electrode assembly comprising a polymer electrolyte membrane having a first surface and a second surface, and comprising a compound having the general structure:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (R^2\text{-SO}_2\text{-}(Y^2)_q)_n \\ & & & & \\ & & &$$

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

q is 0 or 1;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group,

-NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R $^5$ -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic

heterocyclic group and  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , and  $R^7$  are divalent fluorinated groups; and  $Y^2$  and  $Y^3$  are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>- $R^4$ ; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0,  $Y^1$  is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>- $R^5$ -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, and

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.

)<sub>2</sub>-NH-

47. (Withdrawn) An electrocatalyst coating composition comprising a compound having the general structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} (R^2\text{-}SO_2\text{-}(Y^2)_q)_n \\ \bigwedge^{1-}(R^1\text{-}SO_2\text{-}Y^1)_m \\ (R^3\text{-}SO_2\text{-}Y^3)_p \end{array} \quad \text{(I),}$$

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

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m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

q is 0 or 1;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group, -NH-.

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group and R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups; and Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup> are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0, Y<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, and -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-.

- 48. (Withdrawn) An electrocatalyst coating composition of claim 47 further comprising a catalyst.
- 49. (Withdrawn) An electrochemical cell comprising a polymer electrolyte membrane, wherein the polymer electrolyte membrane comprises a compound having the general structure:

$$(R^{2}-SO_{2}-(Y^{2})_{q})_{n}$$
  
 $A^{1}-(R^{1}-SO_{2}-Y^{1})_{m}$   
 $(R^{3}-SO_{2}-Y^{3})_{p}$  (I),

wherein A<sup>1</sup> is a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent aromatic heterocyclic group comprising heterocyclic rings;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups;

m, n, and p are 0 to 3, with the proviso that m + n + p is equal to 1, 2, or 3 so that the carbon atoms of the heterocyclic rings are fully substituted by acidic fluorinated sulfonyl-containing groups;

q is 0 or 1;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -OH, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup> wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a monovalent fluorinated group,

-NH-, -NH-SO $_2$ -R $^5$ -SO $_2$ -NH-, or

-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>7</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is a divalent aromatic heterocyclic group and R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are divalent fluorinated groups; and Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup> are -OH or -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>; with the proviso that when m and n are each equal to 1, p is 0 to 1, and q is 0, Y<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-, and

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50. (Withdrawn) The electrochemical cell of claim 49 selected from the group consisting of fuel cells, batteries, chloralkali cells, electrolysis cells, sensors, electrochemical capacitors, and modified electrodes.